



Intro - GBB Overview

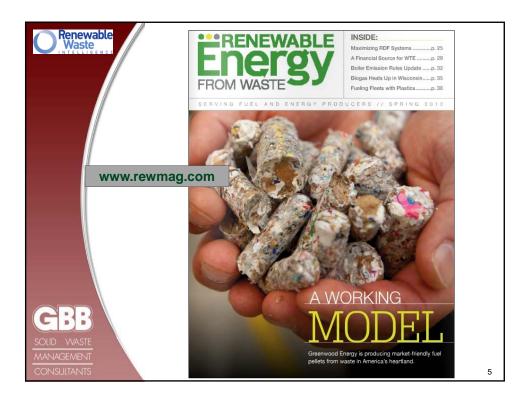
- Headquartered in Fairfax, VA
- Established in 1980 as an objective adviser to governments, institutions, and businesses
- 30+ years implementing innovative solutions for waste and recycling industry
- Dedicated and focused exclusively to solid waste management
- Owner's representative and feasibility reports for financings
- "Change Agents" to produce better services and facilities

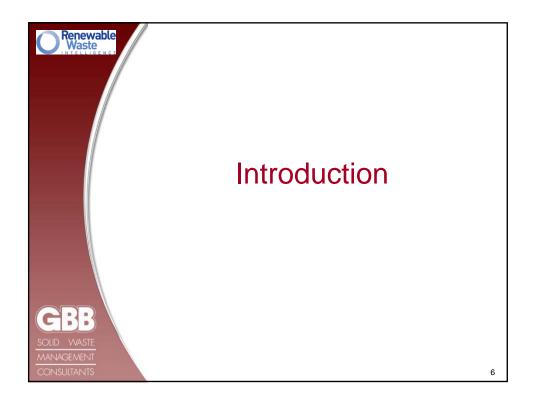
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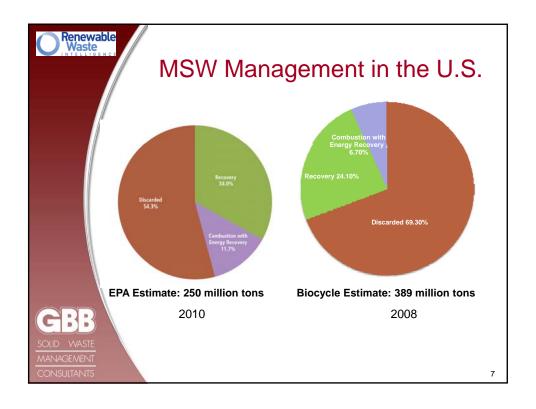


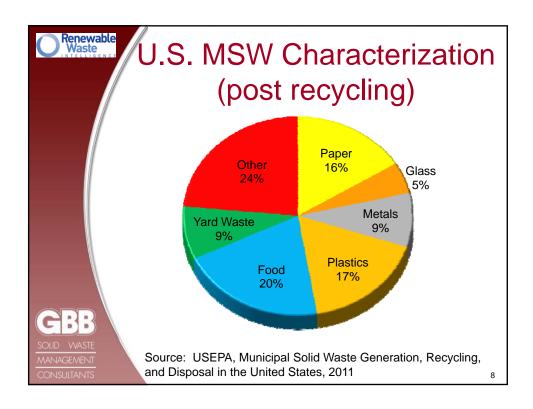
GBB Waste to Energy and Conversion Technology Services

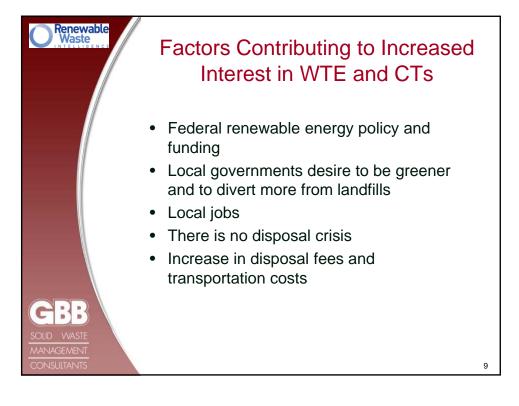
- Reviews addressing economic feasibility, technology effectiveness, environmental issues, and procurements, and project development support for retrofits or new facilities:
 - City of Allentown, PA
 - City of Annapolis, MD
 - Marion County, OR
 - County of Maui, HI
 - New Hanover County, NC
 - Orange County, NC
 - City of Plano, TX
 - Prince William County, VA
 - Rhode Island Resource Recovery Corporation
 - Solid Waste Authority of Palm Beach County, FL
- Due diligence reviews and business planning for private companies considering purchasing technologies or investing in projects
- Waste characterization and sourcing; processing conceptual design and cost estimating
- Independent feasibility consultant

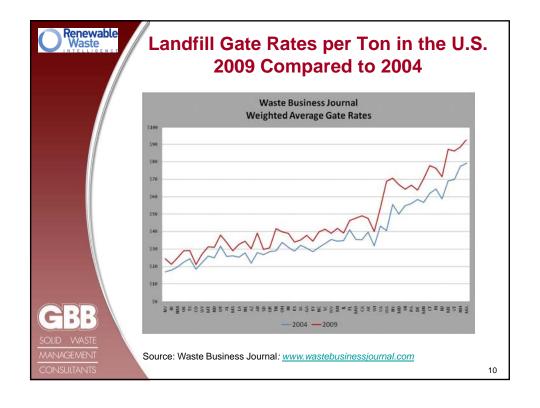


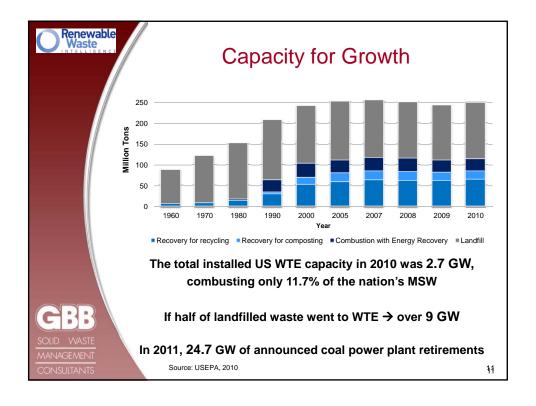


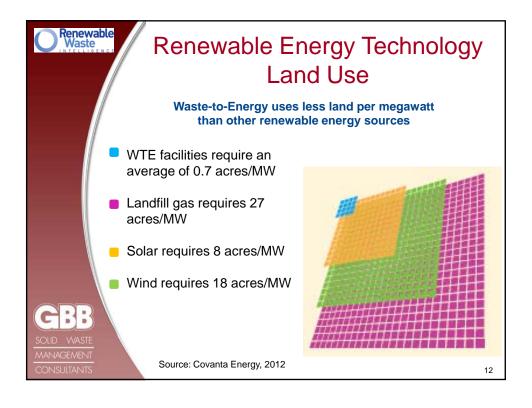


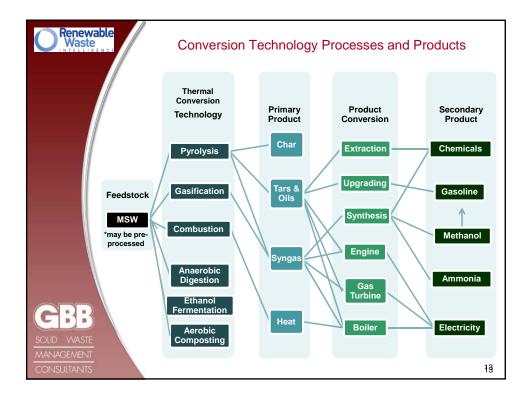


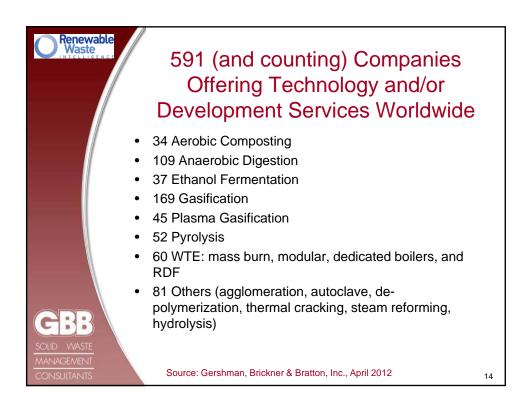




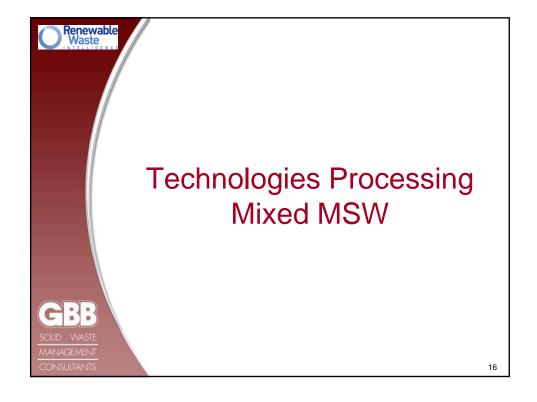






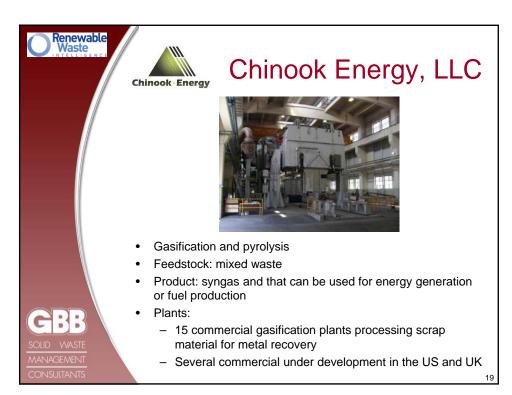


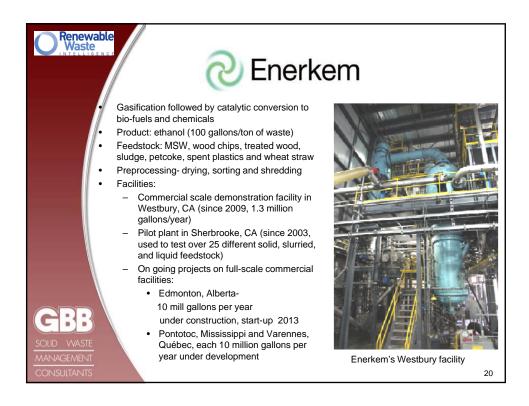


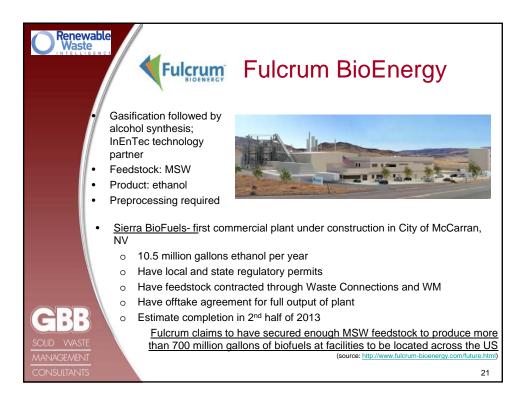








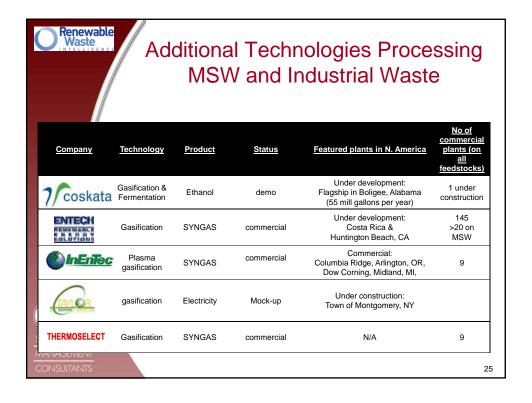
















CR&R Inc. - Perris, CA

- Selected as one of four Los Angeles County alternative technology projects
- 150 TPD from CR&R dirty-MRF, post-recycled residual output to DRANCO anaerobic digestion system; convert the biogas generated into biomethane for their truck fleet
- In January 2011, received a \$4.5 million California Energy Commission Alternative and Renewable Fuel and Vehicle Technology Program grant
- Construction is expected to commence in 2012 and be completed in 2014

DRANCO

- Dry anaerobic digestion technology developed in Belgium
- 5 demonstrational and 25 commercial plants worldwide
- Feedstock: organic fraction of the MSW, dewatered sewage sludge, biowaste and other source-separated organic waste streams





Dranco AD plant in Hotaka, Japan

07



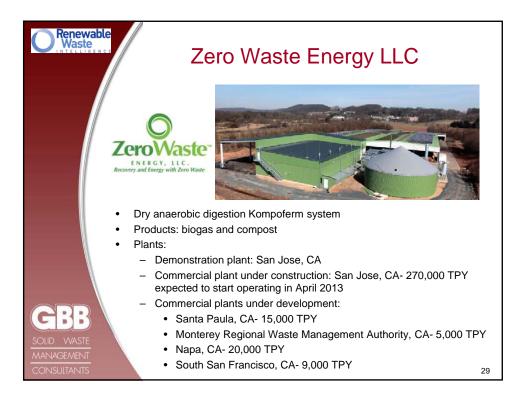
W2e Organic Power

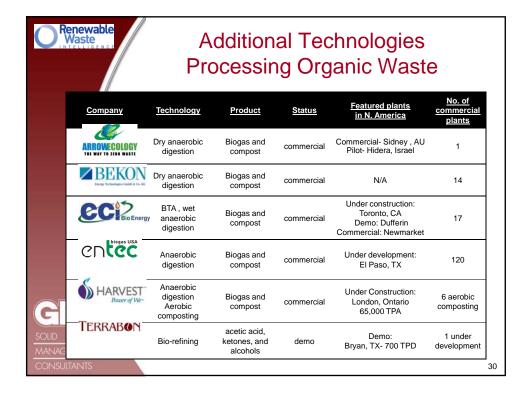
- · Wet anaerobic digestion technology
- · Pre-processing required
- Teamed with CIYCOR and Eisenmann
- Plants:
 - Columbia, SC- commercial scale prototype under construction
 - 48,000 TPY; 3.2 MW power
 - Process organics from households and businesses
 - Start-up expected 2012
 - Gastonia, NC & Baton Rouge, LA- planned for future



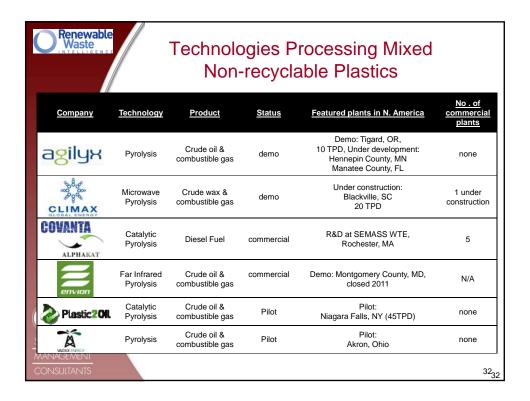
EISENMANN







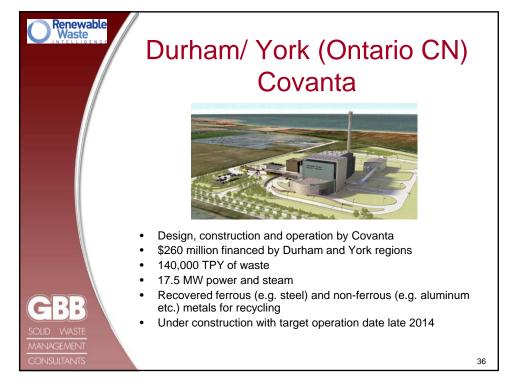














New Hanover County, NC-Covanta



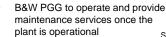
- Retrofit and operation of the existing WTE plant
- 500 TPD
- Facility first opened in 1984, and shutdown in April 2011
- 10MW electrical power
- Following procurement process, on June 4th, 2012- New Hanover County Board of Conditioners voted 5:0 to enter into negotiations with Covanta
- GBB is the technical consultant for the County

37



Solid Waste Authority of Palm Beach County, FL

Babcock & Wilcox Power Generation Group, Inc. (B&W PGG), and its partner, KBR, Inc. were selected to build the plant in April 2011.





Source: Babcock & Wilcox; artist's rendering of proposed facility.

- \$668 million construction cost
- 3,000 tons per day of MSW capacity
- 325 full-time construction jobs (900 including all part time), 64 permanent, full-time operation jobs.
- <u>2009</u>
 - Authority two-stage contractor procurement included due diligence review of new technology offerings
 - GBB hired to review potential alternative technologies and present its findings to Authority Governing Board
 - Authority authorized to continue its two-stage procurement process with mass burn technology





Solid Waste Authority of Palm Beach County, FL (Cont'd)

- 2011
 - Authority received competitive proposals and made selection recommendation to the Authority Governing Board
 - Comments from the Florida Sierra Club and Institute for Local Self Reliance were received suggesting approval to be postponed, alternative waste disposal methods to be studied, especially more recycling
 - GBB again hired to review and fact check the accuracy of the statements and claims made by Florida Sierra Club and ILSR
 - · Summary of GBB analysis:
 - WTE is fully compatible with recycling and integral to wellmanaged solid waste systems
 - WTE reduces GHG emissions
 - Management and financial difficulties were contributing factors to WTE plants that have issues; the issues were not operational issues
 - Resurgence of interest in WTE technologies
 - Solid waste systems cost money
- See: http://www.gbbinc.com/WTE-PB.shtml for white papers
- Authority Governing Board approves awarding contract in April 2011
- **GROUNDBREAKING CEREMONY was APRIL 4, 2012!**

39

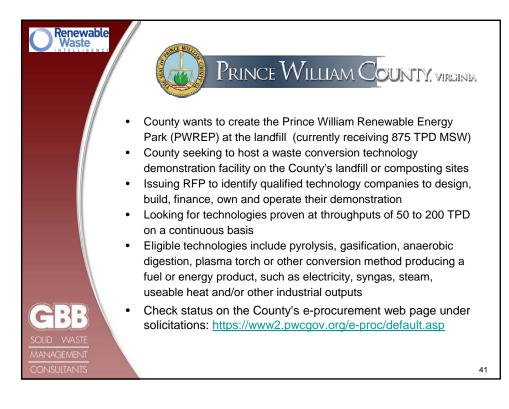


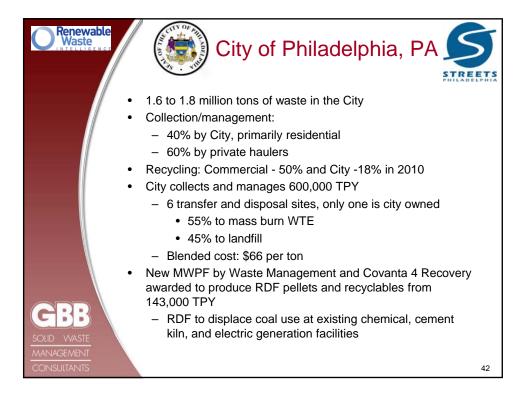
Some U.S. Locations Currently Investigating/Advancing Waste Conversion Technologies

- · Ada County, ID
- · Baton Rouge, LA
- City of Allentown, PA
- · City of Cleveland, OH
- City of Dallas, TX
- City of Glendale, CA
- City of Plano, TX
- City of San Antonio, TX
 - City of Taunton, MA
 - Columbia, SC
- County of Maui, HI

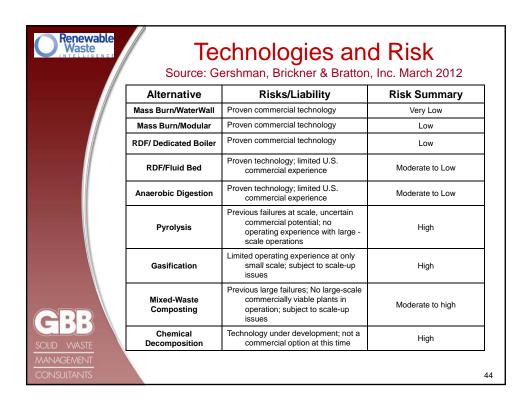
- Fulton, MS
- Gallatin County, KY
- Hennepin County, MN
- · Lake County, IN
- Los Angeles County, CA
- New York City, NY
- Prince William County, VA
- Salinas Valley, CA
- · San Bernardino County, CA
- · Santa Barbara County, CA













Opinion of Trends for the Future...

- New technologies will need 4-6 years to learn if they work and what their economics will be
- Will there be added economic value for carbon credits and power from waste as 'renewable energy'?
- Renewable fuel standards from EPA and added recycling requirements (e.g. for RIN generation in ethanol production) – will they change?

45



Opinion of Trends for Future (Cont'd)

- Public sector taking "Low Risk" attitude until conversion technologies and companies more proven
- Continued recycling industry demand for more paper, aluminum, and plastics
- More mixed waste processing
 - · Added recycling side-benefit
 - Most conversion technologies require pre-processing for feedstock preparation
 - Electric utilities and other solid fuel users may become interested in RDF
- 'Environmentalists' and 'Zero Waste' proponents will continue to fight WTE and Waste Conversion Technologies calling them all "incineration"





