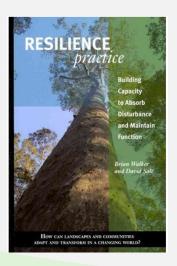




Resilience Thinking in Systems Planning



- "The capacity of a system to absorb disturbance and reorganize so as to retain essentially the same function, structure, and feedbacks—to have the same identity"
- In other words: "...resilience is the ability to cope with shocks and keep functioning in much the same kind of way"



urce: Walker, B. H., & Salt, D. A. (2012). Resilience Practice: Building Capacity to Absorb Disturbance and Maintain Function. Washington, DC: Island Press.

Resilience Thinking in Urban Planning

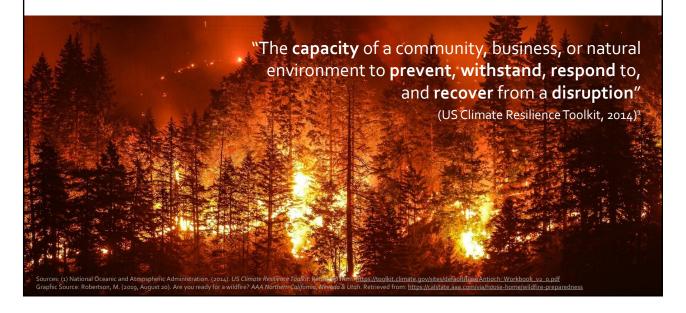


"The capacity of individuals, communities, institutions, businesses, and systems within a city to survive, adapt, and grow no matter what kinds of chronic stresses and acute shocks they experience"



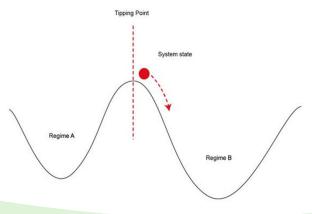
Source: Rockefeller Foundation's 100 Resilient Cities initiative. (2013). Retrieved from: https://www.100resilientcities.org/

Resilience Thinking in Climate Adaptation Planning





Threshold: critical point at which conditions change so drastically that the system takes on a **new identity** – also called a **"tipping point"**



- Chronic Stresses: persistent challenges
- Acute Shocks: sudden events

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raphic Source: Rauter, M., Thaler, T., Attems, M., & Fuchs, S. (2019). Obligation or Innovation: Can the EU Floods Directive Be Seen as a Tipping Point Towards

Thresholds & General vs. Specified Resilience

General resilience

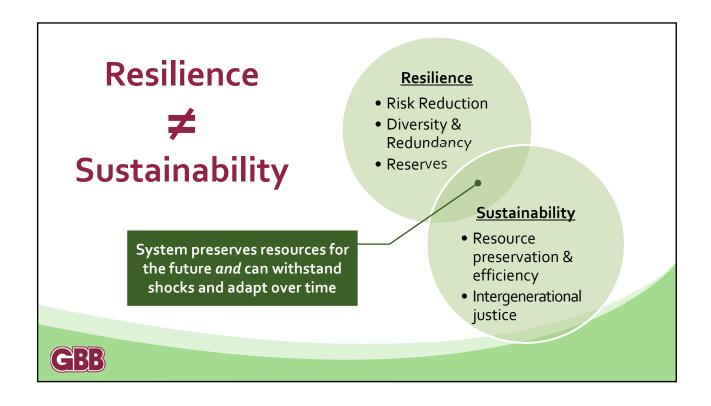
- The system's capacity to manage disturbance and prevent reaching a threshold
 - The capacity of the system to absorb disturbances of all kinds so that all parts of the system keep functioning as in the past

Specified resilience

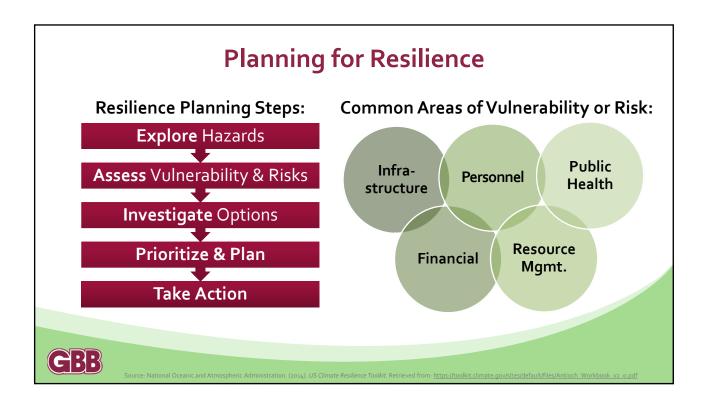
- How far the current state of a system is from a threshold
 - The resilience of a specific part of the system to a specific type of shock or disturbance to the system

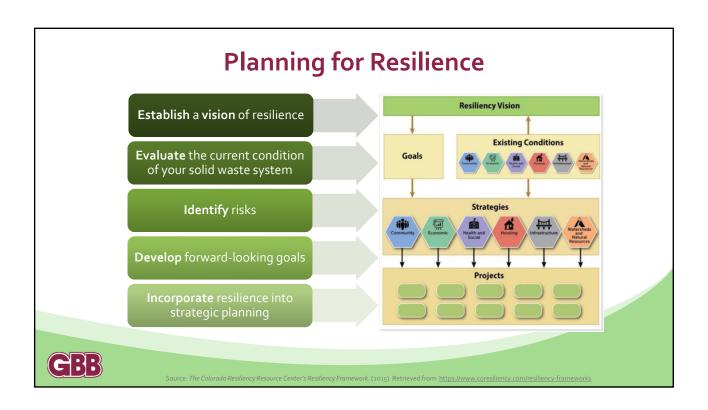


Complex Adaptive System Adaptive and dynamic Capacity to transform, not remain static Able to absorb acute shocks and address chronic stresses to prevent passing a threshold Incorporates strategies such as reducing resource efficiency and increasing redundancy to boost resilience









Planning Strategies for Chronic Stresses

Chronic Resilience Strategy #1

Build strong materials management systems through financial and policy incentives

Chronic Resilience Strategy #2

Implement financial models that disincentivize wasting

 Establish fees and rates that reflect the true costs of materials management



Planning Strategies for Chronic Stresses



Chronic Resilience Strategy #3

Promote recyclables and organic waste diversion for residents and businesses

Chronic Resilience Strategy #4

Encourage sustainable purchasing strategies for department and vendors



Graphic Source: Klingbeil. A. (2017). Calgary will start rolling out green cart composting in June. Here's what you need to know. The Calgary

Planning Strategies for Chronic Stresses



<u>Chronic Resilience Strategy #5</u>

Promote diversity of infrastructure by creating recovery and recycling facilities and programs

 Waste diversion programs promote more economic activity and employment opportunities than landfilling materials



aphic Source: Repair Café Palo Alto, Inc. (2012), Retrieved from: http://www.repaircafe-paloalto.org/

Planning Strategies for Acute Shocks

Acute Resilience Strategy #1

Ensure basic parts of the system have adequate capacity

- Understand the total processing capacity of the solid waste management system
- Add modularity to increase capacity when needed

<u>Acute Resilience Strategy #2</u>

Include **emergency spending funds** in solid waste management budget

- Define protocols that allow quick access to reserves



Planning Strategies for Acute Shocks



Acute Resilience Strategy #3

Revise **Emergency Operations & Management Plan** to include a reference to City's Solid Waste Management Plan

<u>Acute Resilience Strategy #4</u>

Update **Solid Waste Management Plan** to include **emergency response protocols**

– E.g., Disaster Debris Management Plan

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raphic Source: Urgo, J. L. (2013, February 20). Handful of shore residents find devastation in final town to reopen. The Philadelphia Inquirer. Retrieved from:

Planning Strategies for Acute Shocks



Acute Resilience Strategy #5

Create protocols to deal with waste when **infectious materials are unknown**

 Improve safety culture in solid waste facilities through better PPE and protocols concerning management of unknown infectious and hazardous materials



Graphic Source: Jitendra. Disposal of Medical Waste. (2011). Waste Management.

Additional Resources

- The Continuous Improvement Fund (2020). Guidebook for Developing a Waste Management Service Contingency Plan. Retrieved from https://thecif.ca/wp-content/uploads/2020/04/CIF-Contingency-Plan-Guide-for-Service-Disruptions.pdf
- Federal Emergency Management Agency. (2020). Hazard Mitigation Planning. Retrieved from https://www.fema.gov/hazard-mitigation-planning
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- Resilient Communities and Watersheds (2017). Resilient Communities Starter Kit. Retrieved from https://sonoraninstitute.org/files/Resilient-Communities-Starter-Kit_2nd-Edition_2017_FINAL2_lowres.pdf
- The Rockefeller Foundation's 100 Resilient Cities initiative (2013). Retrieved from https://www.100resilientcities.org/
- U.S. Climate Resilience Toolkit. (2019). Community Resilience. Retrieved from: https://toolkit.climate.gov/topics/built-environment/community-resilience





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